

# The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

VOL. XXXIX. No. 6335.

九月一十年三十八百八千一英

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PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

## AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALBIN, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. G. GARDIN, SMITH & CO., 30, Cornhill, GIBSON & GUTHRIE, Ludgate Circus, E.G. BATES & CO., 37, Wallbrook, E.C. SALVATI, DIASCON & CO., 120 & 124, Leadenhall Street.  
PARIS AND EUROPE.—GAILLARD & PARIS, 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris.  
NEW YORK.—ANDREW WINE, 21, Park Row.  
AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORCH, Melbourne and Sydney.  
SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.  
SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAVAGE & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HEINRICH & CO., Manila.  
CHINA.—MAZCO, MORRIS A. DE MELLO & CO., Shantou. QUICHE & CO., Amoy. WILSON, NICHOLS & CO., Foochow. HIRSH & CO., Shanghai. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WALKER, Yokohama. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,

## Bank.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.  
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$5,000,000.  
INSTALMENT RECEIVED ON.....\$24,765.62  
NEW SHARES.....\$5,025,765.62  
RESERVE FUND.....\$2,500,000.  
INSTALMENT OF PREMIUMS.....\$68,336.43  
RECEIVED ON NEW SHARES.....\$3,198,336.43

COURT OF DIRECTORS.  
Chairman—W.M. REINERS, Esq.  
Deputy Chairman—W.S. YOUNG, Esq.  
H.L. DALRYMPLE, A.F. MOORE, Esq.  
W.H. FORBES, Esq. F.D. SASOON, Esq.  
A. GUZOW, Esq. M.S. SANSOON, Esq.  
Hon. F.B. JACKSON

CHIEF MANAGER.  
Hongkong.—THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.  
MANAGER,  
Shanghai.—EWEN CAMERON, Esq.  
LONDON BANKERS.—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.  
INTEREST ALLOWED,  
ON Current Deposit Account at the rate  
of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily  
balance.

For Fixed Deposits.—  
For 3 months—3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BANK DISCOUNTS.  
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.  
Drafts granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager,  
Offices of the Corporation,  
No. 1, Queen's Road East.  
Hongkong, August 23, 1883.

## NOTICES OF FIRMS.

NOTICE.  
FROM this date Messrs. RUSSELL & Co. will conduct our Business at this port and all Communications should be addressed to them.  
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co. will also Act as Agents at this port for our line of Steamers.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.  
Hongkong, August 1, 1883.

## Intimations.

MRS. P. SMITH,  
PRIVATE TIFFIN ROOMS,  
No. 8 & 9, Beaconsfield Arcade.

MEALS & REFRESHMENTS  
AT ALL HOURS.

TIFFIN ROOMS,  
BILLIARD ROOM,  
AND  
READING ROOM.

N.B.—NO EXTRA CHARGE FOR  
THE USE OF READING AND  
BILLIARD ROOMS.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR BOARD AND LODGING can be made by applying to  
MRS. P. SMITH,  
On the Premises, Beaconsfield  
Arcade.

Hongkong, October 18, 1883. no18

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

THE THIRD CALL of £10 Sterling per Share on the 20,000 Shares, NEW ISSUE of this CORPORATION, will fall due on the 30th SEPTEMBER CURRENT, in London, Calcutta, Bombay, Shanghai and Hongkong.

RECORDED SHAREHOLDERS entitled to NEW SHARES are requested to Pay, at the respective Offices, the above Call or its equivalent in the Currency of the above-mentioned places.

PROVISIONAL CERTIFICATES are being issued in Exchange for the 1st Call Receipts, which are to be surrendered to the Bank.

Holders of PROVISIONAL CERTIFICATES, when paying this Call, will please send same to this Office to be endorsed.

The Rate of Exchange for Hongkong is fixed at 3/- 7d. or \$54.70 per Share.

Interest at the Rate of 7% per Annum will be charged on Calls unpaid on the 30th September.

By Order of the Court of Directors,

T. JACKSON,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, September 13, 1883.

## Intimations.



### NOTICE.

20 BOILER MAKERS Required for  
Services in H.M. NAVAL YARD.

Apply at Inspector of Machinery's Office,

Naval Yard.

W.H. LOBB,  
Naval Storekeeper.

H.M. Naval Yard, no10

21st November, 1883.

NORTH BORNEO COMPANY'S  
IMMIGRATION OFFICE.

### NOTICE.

DURING the Absence of the Under-signed, and until further Notice, Mr. FREDERICK RICKARDS will take Charge of the BUSINESS of this Department of the BRITISH NORTH BORNEO COMPANY.

W.H. MEDHURST,  
Commissioner for Immigration,  
BRITISH N.B. Co.

Hongkong, November 3, 1883. no10

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

Hongkong, October 24, 1883.

NOTICE TO DAILY BOARDERS.

UNTIL further Notice the CHARGES now prevailing will be CONTINUED after the 1st Proximo.

By Order of the Directors,

LOUIS HAUSCHILD,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, November 8, 1883. no15

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

Hongkong, October 24, 1883.

NOTICE.

ON and after the 1st DECEMBER, 1883, the BUSINESS of the HOTEL will be conducted by the Company. Pending the completion of the proposed ALTERATIONS and REPAIRS the DIRECTORS solicit the indulgence of the Public for any inconvenience which may be caused thereby.

By Order of the Directors,

LOUIS HAUSCHILD,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, November 7, 1883.

A VIS.

UNE Adjudication Publique, sur soumissions cachetées, aura lieu à la Chancellerie du Consulat de France à Hongkong, le Mercredi, 14 Novembre courant, à 2 h. de l'après-midi, pour la fourniture totale, (au 4 livraisons de 1,500 tonnes chacune, du 1er au 10 de chaque mois, à partir du 1er Décembre, 1883), de 6,000 TONNES DE CHARBON de Newcastle, d'Australie, livrables à Haiphong, pour le compte du service administratif du Tonkin. Le cahier des clauses et conditions du contrat est déposé à la disposition publique à la Chancellerie du Consulat de France à Hongkong.

Le S. Commissaire de la Division de Chine et du Japon,  
G. DE MONTJAMBET.

Hongkong, 3 November, 1883. no14

A GOOD BOOKKEEPER, who has a few

spare hours in the early morning, would be glad to take Charge of a Set of Accounts. Terms very moderate.

Address "M. M. R.",  
c/o. China Mail Office.

Hongkong, August 24, 1883. no15

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed

AGENTS OF THE CHINA SHIPPERS'

MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, October 20, 1883. no20

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

QUARANTINE AT EGYPTIAN AND CONTINENTAL PORTS.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for

passing the Company's Steamers

through the SUZ CANAL in QUARANTINE,

thus avoiding any detention in EGYPT.

The Homeward Mail is now being landed

at VENICE, but the QUARANTINE which is

still imposed at this and other CONTINENTAL PORTS prevents the landing of Passengers, and those travelling by the Company's Steamers are advised to remain on board the Vessel which calls at MARSEILLE en route—stopping a few hours only to discharge Cargo—and proceed in her direct to LONDON, thus avoiding all QUARANTINE delays and inconveniences.

The Passages of the Steamers will be accelerated, and they will not call at MALTA or GIBRALTAR.

E. L. WOODIN,  
Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, September 6, 1883.

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## For Sale.

**MacEWEN, FRICKEL & CO.**  
No. 63, Queen's Road East,  
(OPPOSITE THE COMMISSIONERS),  
ARE NOW LANDING  
FROM AMERICA.  
**CALIFORNIA**  
RAKER  
COMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 lb  
tins, loose.  
Soda BISCUITS.  
Assorted BISCUITS.

**Small HOMINY.**  
Cracked WHEAT  
OATMEAL  
CORNMEAL

White BEANS.  
TOPCOAN BUTTER.  
Eastern and California CHEESE.  
CODEFISH in Tins.  
Prime HAMS and BACON.  
Eagle Brand Condensed MILK.  
Family BEEF in 26 lb cans.  
Beau Ideal SALMON in 5 lb cans.  
Cutting's Desser FRUITS in 24 lb cans.  
Assorted Canned VEGETABLES.  
Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage  
MEAT.  
Stuffed PEPPERS.  
Assorted SOUPS.

Richardson & Robbin's Celebrated Potted  
MEATS.  
Richardson & Robbin's Curried OYSTERS.  
Clam CHOWDER.  
Fresh OREGON SALMON.  
Dried APPLES.  
TOMATOES.  
SUCCOTASH.  
BRAWN.  
Maple SYRUP.  
Golden SYRUP.  
LOBSTERS.  
OYSTERS.  
HONEY.

Corn STARCH.  
Green CORN.  
**FAIRBANKS' SCALES.**  
400 lb. Capacity.  
600 lb.  
900 lb.  
1,200 lb.

CORN BROOMS.  
OFFICE HIGH CHAIRS.  
AXES and HATCHETS.  
AGATE IRON WARE.  
WAFFLE IRONS.  
SMOOTHING IRONS.  
PAINTS and OILS.  
TALLOW and TAR.  
VARNISHES.

**DEVOE'S NONPARIEL**  
BRILLIANT  
KEROSINE OIL,  
150° test.  
Ex late Arrivals from  
ENGLAND.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF  
S T O R E S,  
including:  
BREAKFAST TONGUES.  
CAVIAR.  
ASPARAGUS.  
SOUPS, &c.  
TESSONEAU'S DESSERT FRUITS.  
ALMONDS and RAISINS.  
PICNIC TONGUES.  
COOCATINA.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.  
LIEBIG'S & ETC'S COCOA.  
FRENCH PLUMS.  
PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

MINCEMEAT.  
SAUSAGES.  
BROWN.  
DANISH BUTTER.

**SPARTAN**  
COOKING STOVES.

ENGLISH CUTLERY.  
ELECTRO-PLATE.  
CROCKERY & GLASS WARE.

CLARETS—  
CHATEAU MARGAUX.  
CHATEAU LA TOUR, pints & quarts.  
IRES. GRAVES,  
BREAKFAST CLARET,

SACQUON'S MANZANILLA & AMON-  
TILLADO.  
SACQUON'S OLD INVALID PORT  
(1848).  
HUNT'S PORT.

BRANDY, WHISKY, LIQUEURS, &c.—  
1 and 3-qt. HENNESSY'S BRANDY.  
DISPUT DUBONVET & CO.'S BRANDY.  
FINE OLD BOURBON WHISKY.  
KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY.  
LOYAL GLENDEFI WHISKY.  
POODER'S OLD TOM.

E. & J. BURKE'S IRISH WHISKY.  
LOOSE'S HOME JUICE CORDIAL.  
MORLEY PHARM. CO., LIVERPOOL.  
WINTER BRANDY.

EASTERN CIDER.  
CHARPENTRE.  
MARASCHINO.

CURACAO.  
ANGOSTURA BAKER'S and ORANGE  
BITTERS.  
&c., &c., &c.

BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMERON and  
SAUNDERS, pints and quarts.  
GUINNESS'S STOUT, bottled by E. &  
J. BURKE, pints and quarts.

DRAUGHT ALE and PORTER, by the  
Gallon.

ALE and PORTER, in hogsheads.

SPECIALLY SELECTED  
**G I G A R E S.**

Fine New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in  
5 oz. boxes.  
BREAKFAST CONGOU @ 25 cents p. lb.

MILNER'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF  
SAFES, CASH and PAPER  
BOXES, at Manufacturer's Prices.

Hongkong, July 10, 1883.

## Insurances.

**THE LONDON ASSURANCE**  
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF  
His Majesty King George The First,  
A. D. 1720.

**THE** Undersigned having been appointed  
Agents for the above Corporation are  
prepared to grant Insurances as follows:—

*Morrie Department.*

Policies at current rates, payable either  
here, in London, or at the principal Ports  
of India, China and Australia.

*Fire Department.*

Policies issued for sums not exceeding  
£5,000, dated as required.

*HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.*

Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

*THE STRAITS INSURANCE COM-  
PANY, LIMITED.*

**THE** Undersigned having been appointed  
Agents for the above Company are prepared  
to grant Policies on MARINE  
RISKS to all parts of the World, at current  
rates.

*ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.*

Hongkong, November 5, 1883. No. 1010

*NOTICE.*

*THE CHINA & MANILA STEAMSHIP  
COMPANY, LIMITED.*

**THE** Undersigned, Agents of the above  
Company, are authorized to insure against  
FIRE at Current Rates.

*GILMAN & Co.*

Hongkong, January 1, 1882.

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*ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.*

YESTERDAY evening a general meeting of the members of the Victoria Recreation Club was held in the Gymnasium, to consider several matters connected with the forthcoming regatta. A letter was read by Mr Tripp from Mr W. Hynes, in which the latter stated that owing to his approaching departure from the Colony it was necessary for him to send in his resignation as a member of the Committee. Mr Hynes regretted having to part with the members of the Club, with whom he had been associated for so many years. On the suggestion of Mr Tripp it was agreed that the Secretary should write a reply to Mr Hynes' letter, regretting the cessation of that gentleman's connection with the Club. The meeting unanimously elected Mr T. R. Fisher to fill up the vacancy on the committee created by Mr Hynes' withdrawal. Mr Tripp next read a letter from Mr Kerfoot Hughes stating that if there was room in the programme for another Canton fours race, he should be happy to have his name put down as a donor of a cup to be called of the Welsh Cup. Mr Hughes left the conditions to be decided by the Committee, but Mr Tripp said the Committee wished the members to decide on the conditions. After some discussion, Mr Leigh moved that the race should be open to everyone, without restrictions, and this motion was carried. The entries for the American and German Cup numbered 24, and on the suggestion of Mr Lockhart, it was decided that the same strokes were to be selected for the Members' and Chairmen's Cup should be again appointed; for the American Cup Mr A. K. Travers being substituted for Lieut. Lloyd, who is unable to train on account of sickness. These strokes then picked up, the result of the drawing being as appended:—

"LEEK."  
J. L. Hughes (stroke) Fisher (stroke)  
Stewart Lockhart  
Rutter Müller  
Goodall Wilford  
Farratt Denklaas  
"KORNBLUME." "SHAMROCK."  
Kultza (stroke) Travera (stroke)  
Buchmann Lamert  
Ravenshill Jackson  
Philips Glass  
Tomin Brownlow

The boats for the International Race having been drawn for, they are as follows:—English, "Leek"; German, "Kornblume"; Scotch open. With regard to the German Cup, it was decided that the crews should be selected by the non-rowing members of the committee.—Messrs. Tripp and Leigh.

Not satisfied with having saddled the community here with the opinion that war between France and China was something more than inevitable, and representing us to be in a panic because most of the British men-of-war were away, as usual at this time of the year, in summer quarters, some enterprising newspaper correspondents have wound up these matters by making a mob at Canton murder the American Consul there, and by writing suitable obituary notices, praiseworthy and otherwise, of that worthy official. It may be interesting to our readers to trace the murdering and final resurrection of Mr Seymour in the order in which the tragic story was told by telegrams to the American people. The account is all the more interesting because it gives a vivid account of a purely imaginary but terrible riot at Canton, in the course of which the American Consul is said to have lost his life. This riot is represented as taking place after, and as a consequence of, the Logan trial, although we know perfectly well there was no out-break, or any attempt at one, after that occurrence. We will leave out the sensational headings, and start once on the telegram:—

New York, Oct. 7.—A cable special to the *World* from London, October 6th, says:—"The news from China to-night is of the gravest character, as the Marquis Tseng took to-day in Paris he feared it would be. Word has just been received that Charles Seymour of Wisconsin, United States Consul at Canton, has been assassinated by the mob. The populace at Canton is in a ferment all day and popular turbulence has been directed almost exclusively against foreigners, without discrimination. The immediate cause of these troubles was dissatisfaction over the sentence imposed by the British Consulate upon 'Tide-water' Logan. He was convicted on September 26th upon a charge of having been the ringleader in the riots on the quay on September 10th, and with having during the fight drowned a Chinaman by throwing him into the river.

The Peking Government has been compelled to defend foreigners and their property by large bodies of soldiers. The mob has daily increased and the native soldiery have learned to sympathise with them. The rioters have even made demonstrations against native officials. Fresh troops aggravated the trouble, and the natives have at last broken over all restraint. The American Consul is not known to have given offence to the natives, as he took no part in the recent demonstrations, but the Cantonese are up in arms against all resident foreigners, and it is feared that the present riots will culminate in a war of extermination. No foreign nation has a naval representation in Canton adequate to protect its interests or people there, most of the foreign men-of-war being at Hong Kong."

The above telegram is inaccurate from beginning to end, and there is scarcely a word of truth in the whole of the statements. The American Consul was not killed, even attacked; there was no riot, or even disturbances either on or about the date indicated (Oct. 6th), the only riot being the one referred to in the above telegram as occurring on the quay on September 10th; Logan was not convicted, or tried, for "having during the fight drowned a Chinaman by throwing him into the river," and it was not respectful to England, America, or France to say on the 6th October that "no foreign nation has a naval representation in Canton adequate to protect its interests or people there."

Having murdered Consul Seymour, and portrayed the appalling aspect of affairs generally in this part of the world on the 6th of last month, another correspondent proceeds to moralize a little, by telegraph, over the event:—

The State Department officials say they know no reason for any hostility to Mr Seymour personally. He had not been in any way hostile to Chinese interests. He was a victim, they think, in part to the general enmity to all Americans since the enactment of legislation hostile to the Chinese here, and to a mob which does not reason. A prominent State Department official says he presumes the Secretary of the Navy has given orders to the Admiral of the Pacific squadron which were adopted to such an emergency.

The Secretary of the Navy is absent, and no one who is here acting in his place feels authorized to say what has been done, or is willing to incur the penalties of naval discipline to venture an opinion as to what will be done. The Secretary of State is absent, the President is absent and there is no one with the voice of authority. No one at the Chinese Legation can have anything to say to the press at this time. An old naval officer says, that if Charles Seymour had been a British Consul it would be easy to foretell what would happen, but he was not a British Consul and it is not always true that protection to Americans follows American drum-beats around the world. The Government has no information as to assassination and there is no one in Washington connected with either the State or Navy Department, except bureaux subordinates.

Sufficient moralizing, having been indulged in, the antecedents of the American Consul are raked up, and cabled. We must ask Mr Seymour to pardon our reproducing them here, but our paragraph would be incomplete without them. Every man is not so fortunate as to be able to read his own obituary notices. Mr Seymour will be able to learn that he was a man of aggressive character, and made many enemies, even among his own party associates; also he was a "public speaker of considerable power," and that notwithstanding his "aggressive character," he had many warm friends and admirers:—

"KORNBLUME." "SHAMROCK."  
Kultza (stroke) Travera (stroke)  
Buchmann Lamert  
Ravenshill Jackson  
Philips Glass  
Tomin Brownlow

What's in a name? A good deal sometimes. A writer in *Life* says:—"I really think the Home Secretary should interfere and prevent what will speedily make us a laughing-stock for the whole civilised world. I refer to the choice of a public hangman. He was a public speaker of considerable power and stumped the State for Garfield during the last Presidential campaign. He was of an aggressive character and made many enemies, even among his own party associates. Whether true or not, his appointment as Consul to Canton was generally regarded throughout the State as the result of a desire on the part of the party leaders to remove him from the stage of local action in order to aid in restoring harmony among the factions in that Congressional District. He had many warm friends and admirers and was regarded as an impulsive, fearless man. He came from New England and almost immediately took a prominent place in local politics.

It would be hardly fair to Mr Seymour if we left him fully murdered, buried, and as not too friendly post mortem biographer saying a few last words over him. Mr Seymour must be brought to life again. This was done by the following telegram:—

Washington, Oct. 8.—A cable message was received at the Department of State to-day from Consul-General Denny, stating that a plot was made in Canton and that there is no truth in the reported assassination of United States Consul Seymour, who is alive and well. This telegram was received in reply to one sent by the Acting Secretary of State yesterday morning asking for information on the subject.

At Marlborough Street, John Walter Cowley, Lord Truro's butler, was charged with stealing a large quantity of valuable belonging to his master. It transpired that the prisoner had been seen at a ball at the Kensington Town Hall dressed in Lord Truro's state costumes, with ruffles and cuffs, wearing round his neck two rows of diamonds, and on his wrists diamond bracelets.

The Editor of the *Rising Sun* and *Nagasaki Express* had been requested to state that it is strongly advisable for men-of-war playing with electric lights in the harbour not to throw their lights upon, or in the vicinity of vessels under weigh, as it completely blinds every one whose eyes come in contact with it, besides rendering the appearance of object and distance so utterly deceptive as to make navigation extremely dangerous. On a recent occasion, the electric lights from the Japanese man-of-war were played upon the *Echigo Maru* and the *Shimotsu*, as they were steaming in, both of whom in consequence experienced great difficulty in coming to an anchorage, and, it is said, had narrow escapes from serious accidents.

WHAT IS NAME? John Payne Collier died at the ripe age of ninety-four. He discovered a most wonderful annotated folio of Shakespeare, he edited books innumerable he caused as much disturbance in the annotating world as any other ten emendators; and yet this is the *Eastern Daily Press* report his funeral:—"The Bray Colliery Disaster. The remains of the late John Payne Collier were interred yesterday afternoon in the Bray churchyard, in the presence of a large number of friends and spectators." I do really think this is the funniest freak the country editor and his devil have ever played in journalism. It is not much encouragement to literary fame if once funeral be thus reported. I wonder whether the *Eastern Daily Press* ever heard of Shakespeare. It is not a common name, nor is it a particular symptom caused by the deprivation, which is common to all. There is certainly no loss of sleep to any extent for I have had many of them specially "watched." Dealing as he is with the criminal class, Dr. Ayres' ramblers are all the more appropriate. He has the opportunity of controlling his prisoners' diet and mode of life. Added to the enforced deprivation of the drug, the hard labour and scalds of the gao would, it might be thought, play havoc with the constitution, but the experiments show that there is no such result. Indeed, the report cites a powerful example to the contrary. Nearly all of the prisoners have to undergo penitentiary that is to say, in the month their weights are taken, they have to do "two spells of five days each on rice and water only"—yet "the heaviest smoker was fourth on the list, his daily consumption being 15 mace, or 150 grains. He had been an opium-smoker for thirty years; he comes into gaol weighing 107 lbs., does not lose weight at all, but in three weeks rises to 110 lbs., at the end of the fourth week weighing the same." It would seem, too, from the tests made, that much of the drugging power of opium evaporates when it is kindled for smoking purposes, and the results of experiments made on this head are interesting. Says Dr. Ayres: "The opium-smoker cannot detect any difference between the farmer's prepared opium containing 7 per cent. of morphine and the same with 20 per cent. of morphine added, nor does he detect much difference between these two opiums with all the morphine he extracted; that is to say, he hardly recognises any difference between 25 per cent. of morphine in the drug and none at all, and does not recognise any difference at all between 7 per cent. of morphine and 25 per cent., which he certainly would do if he ate it. In fact, the great principle of the opium-smoker, in smoking seems to vanish; certainly it is no way affects the smokers. Even in eating opium, unless the practice be carried to very great excess, no deleterious result appears. Dr. Ayres writes with considerable authority, for he has experimented on himself and on his friends: "I can also speak from personal experience. I have eaten opium till I could consume half an ounce daily, and I can understand the fascination of that habit, and fully appreciate the difficulty of leaving it off. I have myself smoked three mace of the opium farmer's prepared opium within an hour without the slightest effect. I have watched other Europeans do the same, as they admitted to their astonishment, with no effect either. I counted their pulses and, seeing that they were altered by smoking in the direction of that habit, and fully appreciate the difficulty of leaving it off. I have myself smoked three mace of the opium farmer's prepared opium within an hour without the slightest effect. I have watched other Europeans do the same, as they admitted to their astonishment, with no effect either. 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**THE CHINA REVIEW.**  
PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY,  
TENTE-YEAR.

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(Revised January 1st, 1882.)

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are, for Letters per half ounce, for Books and Patterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four ounces in weight are charged as double, triple, &c., as the case may be, but such papers or packets of papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor must anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Price Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers as, though written by Hand, do not bear the character of an annual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copies of music, &c. The charge on them is the same as for books, but, whatever the weight of a packet containing any partially written paper, it will not be charged less than 5 cents.

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receipt on paying an extra fee of 5 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices is 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 inches.

*Countries of the Postal Union.*

The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, all foreign possessions in Asia, Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, all N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Brazil, Peru, Chile, Venezuela, The Argentine Republic, Jamaica, Trinidad, Guiana, Honduras, Bermuda, Labrador, Hawaii, and the Spanish Colonies.

*Countries not in the Union.*—The chief countries not in the Union are the Australasian Group, and S. Africa.

*Postage to Union Countries.*

*General Rates*, by any route:—

Letters, 10 cents per  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz.  
Post Cards, 3 cents each.

Registration, 10 cents.

Newspapers, 2 cents each.

Books, Patterns and  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. 2 cents per 2 oz.

Comma. Papers, 2 cents per 2 oz.

There is no charge on redirected correspondence within the Postal Union.

*Postage to Non-Union Countries.*

Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, and Fiji, via *Torres Strait*, Letters, 10; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 4; *Via Galle*, Letters, 10; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 4.

Natal, the Cape, St. Helena, Ascension, Bolivia, Letters, 25; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 5; Books and Patterns, 5.

*LOCAL POSTAGE.*

General Local Rates, 1 cent per  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz.  
Newspapers, 1 cent per  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz.  
Books, Patterns and  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. 2 cents per 2 oz.

Comma. Papers, 2 cents per 2 oz.

No compensation can be paid for mere damage to fragile articles such as portraits, pictures, hand-colored bound books, &c., which reach their destination, although in a broken or deteriorated condition.

2. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes, &c.) Opium, Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Tea, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruits, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

3. Parcels are as a general rule forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. To India they are forwarded by the P. & O. and Indian Mail Packets only, to Ceylon by P. & O. only. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, unless Registered, and then only to the amount of \$10.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a *Parcel Post* to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be registered or unregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver money, jewels, precious articles, or anything that is liable to be a general rule, is liable to Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as follows:—

Books and Papers—*to British Offices*, 5 lbs.; *to the Continent*, &c., 4 lbs. Patterns—*to British Offices*, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent, &c., 2 oz.

4. The following cannot be transmitted: Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

5. From Green Island to the Gas Works.

6. From Green Island to the Gas Works.

7. From Green Island to the Gas Works.

8. From Pier to East Point.

**Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.**

*Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.*

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked *h*, near the Kowloon shore *k*, and those in the body of the Harbour or midway between each shore are marked *c*, in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.

2. From Gas Works to the P. & O. Co.'s Factory.

3. From P. & O. Co.'s Factory to the Harbour Master's Office.

4. From Harbour Master's to the P. & O. Co.'s Office.

5. From P. & O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Wharf.

6. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard.

7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.

8. From Pier to East Point.

*Section.*

*Vessel's Name.* *Days.* *Captain.* *Flag and Rig.* *Tons.* *Date of Arrival.* *Consignee or Agents.* *Destination.* *Remarks.*

**Steamers**

Anastasia 5 *h* Thobaud Brit. str. 450 Nov. 2 Russell & Co.

Arranmore 5 *h* Macintosh Brit. str. 1302 Oct. 29 David Saseen, Sons & Co.

Bangalore 2 *h* Hassall Brit. str. 1309 Nov. 4 P. & O. S. N. Co.

Canter 4 *h* Jacques Brit. str. 1036 Nov. 2 Kwoong Yuen

China 2 *h* bischoff Brit. str. 649 Nov. 17 12th inst.

Coptic 5 *h* Kidley Brit. str. 2788 Nov. 9 O. & O. S. S. Co.

De Bay 7 *h* Lee Brit. str. 1057 Nov. 17 12th inst.

Don Juan 10 *h* Marquez Span. str. 654 Oct. 29 Brandao & Co.

Electra 11 *h* Kuler Ger. str. 1161 Oct. 31 Siamesen & Co.

Fame 6 *h* Remond Brit. str. 414 Jun. 30 Remedies & Co.

Folkstone 5 *h* Stepani Brit. str. 117 Nov. 17 H. K. & W. Poa Dock Co.

Glenloch 12 *h* Ashton Brit. str. 508 Nov. 27 Douglas Lapraik & Co.

Hainan 2 *h* Ashton Brit. str. 277 Oct. 26 Douglas Lapraik & Co.

Ingobrig 2 *h* Woont Brit. str. 437 Oct. 26 Afong & Co.

Kumamoto Maru 4 *h* Drummond Japan str. 1280 Nov. 8 M. B. M. S. S. Co.

Lee Yung 3 *h* Clunie Annam str. 150 Jun. 19 Chinese

Madas 4 *h* Swan Brit. str. 1050 Oct. 21 Thos. Howard & Co.

Mony 5 *h* Duncan Brit. str. 1427 Nov. 5 Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Namou 6 *h* Westby Brit. str. 662 Nov. 8 Douglas Lapraik & Co.

Neptun 2 *h* Wynt Brit. str. 1357 Nov. 8 P. & O. S. N. Co.

Ningpo 3 *h* Cass Brit. str. 701 Nov. 8 Siamesen & Co.

Oceanic 5 *h* Chulahom Khaok 2 Lightwood Brit. str. 1608 Oct. 27 O. & O. S. S. Co.

Romulus 4 *h* Frimoya Brit. str. 1000 Nov. 4 Ho Hing Hong

Saice 5 *h* Aranguren Brit. str. 311 Nov. 25 Dunn, Melby & Co.

Tannadice 6 *h* Green Brit. str. 1283 Nov. 7 Gibb, Livingston & Co.

Tromp 3 *h* Root Brit. str. 167 Oct. 21 Edward Schellness & Co.

Vortigern 2 *h* Brown Brit. str. 1245 Oct. 22 Ardline, Matheson & Co.

Wotan 2 *h* Piper Ger. str. 323 Nov. 6 Widler & Co.

**Hoikow, &c.** *For Sale*

**Hoikow, &c.** *To-morrow*

**Kiang-ping** *For Sale*

**Kiang-ping, &c.** *To-morrow*

**Macao** *For Sale*

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